Key information about the home

There are variations of shared ownership models which have different features. The model of shared ownership may vary depending on:

- what rules were in place at the time the home was funded or planning permission granted
- where the home is located
- whether the home is for a specific group of people

Homes in certain places, known as Designated Protected Areas (DPA) may have some key differences to normal shared ownership. There are two types of leases which may be offered both of which have some restrictions to ensure that the homes remain as affordable housing.

For some homes you may have to show that you live in, work in, or have a connection to the area where you want to buy the home.

The table below highlights the key features of common shared ownership schemes. The information in this document is for homes with a DPA (Designated Protected Area) – Restricted Staircasing Lease on the standard model shared ownership.

Shared ownership model	Older model shared ownership	Standard model shared ownership	New model shared ownership
Minimum initial share	25%	25%	10%
Lease length	Typically, leases were issued for 99 years from new	Leases are for a minimum of 99 years from new but typically at least 125 years	Leases will be for a minimum of 990 years from new
Initial repair period	No	No	Yes
Buying more shares - minimum purchase	10% or 25%	10%	5%
1% share purchase	No	No	Yes
Landlord's nomination period	8 weeks or 12 weeks	8 weeks	4 weeks

Additional features of homes sold on a Designated Protected Area lease

	Designated Protected Area Mandatory Buy Back	Designated Protected Area Restricted Staircasing
	If you own more than 80% of the home the mandatory buyback provisions in the lease will apply and the landlord or a nominee should buy the lease from you when you wish to sell your property. You will not own the freehold at any point.	You can reach a maximum of 80% ownership in this home. As a result, you will not own the freehold at any point.
Maximum % share you can own in future	100%	80%
Additional restrictions	May require a qualifying local connection to the area (see 'Eligibility' section for more information)	May require a qualifying local connection to the area (see 'Eligibility' section for more information)

When you are looking for shared ownership homes, you should always check the Key Information Document to see which model covers that specific home.

When you buy a home through shared ownership, you enter into a shared ownership lease. The lease is a legal agreement between you (the 'leaseholder') and the landlord. It sets out the rights and responsibilities of both parties.

Before committing to buy a shared ownership property, you should take independent legal and financial advice.

This key information document is to help you decide if shared ownership with a **Designated Protected Area (DPA) – Restricted Staircasing lease** is right for you. You should read this document carefully so that you understand what you are buying, and then keep it safe for future reference. This document 'Key information about the home' is a summary and you should consider the information in 'Summary of costs' and 'Guide to shared ownership' before making a decision.

This does not form part of the lease. You should carefully consider the information and the accompanying lease, and discuss any issues with your legal adviser before signing the lease.

Failure to pay your rent, service charge, or mortgage could mean your home is at risk of repossession.

The costs in this document are the costs as at the date issued. These will increase (typically on an annual basis) and you should take financial advice on whether this will be sustainable for you.

Property Details

Address	Plot 23, 19 Redcliff	Close, Kinver. DY7 6	FG
Property type	2-bedroom house.		
Scheme	Designated Protected Area – Restricted Staircasing shared ownership		
Full market value	£322,500.00		
Share Purchase Price and Rent Examples	The share purchase price is calculated using the full market value and the percentage share purchased.		
	If you buy a 40% share, the share purchase price will be $\pounds129,000.00$ and the rent will be $\pounds443.44$ a month.		
	If you buy a larger share, you'll pay less rent. The table below shows further examples.		
	Share	Share Purchase Price	Monthly rent
	25%	£80,625	£554.30
	30%	£96,750	£517.34
	40%	£129,000	£443.44
	50%	£161,250	£369.53
	60%	£193,500	£295.63
	70%	£225,750	£221.72
	75%	£241,875	£184.77
	The percentage share and rent amount will change depending on the amount you can afford. You'll receive worked example after a financial assessment. Your annual rent is calculated as 2.75% of the remainin share of the full market value owned by the landlord. If you reach 80% ownership, being the maximum allowe this home, rent will always be payable on the 20% share you don't own.		
Monthly payment to the landlord	In addition to the rent above, the monthly payment to the landlord includes:		
	Service charge Estate charge Buildings insurance Management fee Reserve fund Road Total monthly payme	£0.00 £25.00 £8.33 £2.36 £5.33 ent excluding rent £	241.02

Decemention for	6250.00	
Reservation fee	£250.00	
	You'll need to pay a reservation fee to secure your home. When you pay the fee, no one else will be able to reserve the home.	
	The reservation fee secures the home for 42 days. If you buy the home, the fee will be taken off the final amount you pay on completion. If you do not buy the home, the fee is not refundable.	
Eligibility	You can apply to buy the home if both of the following apply:	
	 your household income is £80,000 or less, and you cannot afford all of the deposit and mortgage payments to buy a home that meets your needs 	
	One of the following must also be true:	
	 you're a first-time buyer you used to own a home but cannot afford to buy one 	
	now	
	 you're forming a new household - for example, after a relationship breakdown 	
	 you're an existing shared owner, and you want to move 	
	 you own a home and want to move but cannot afford to buy a new home for your needs 	
	If you own a home, you must have completed the sale of the home on or before the date you complete your shared ownership purchase.	
	As part of your application, your finances and credit history will be assessed to ensure that you can afford and sustain the rental and mortgage payments.	
Tenure	Leasehold	
Lease type	Shared ownership - DPA Restricted Staircasing lease – house lease	
Lease term	125 years For more information, see section 2.7, 'Lease extensions', in the 'Key information about shared ownership' document.	
Rent review	Your rent will be reviewed each year by a set formula using the Consumer Price Index (CPI)] for the previous 12 months [plus 1%].	
	For more information, see the Rent Review section in the 'Summary of Costs' document which includes an example of how rent could increase over a 5 year period. A worked example demonstrating how the rent is calculated at review is also set out in Appendix 2 of the lease.	

Maximum share you can own	You can buy up to 80% of your home.
Transfer of freehold	You can reach a maximum of 80% ownership in this home. As a result, you will not own the freehold at any point. This home is in a Designated Protected Area (DPA). The purpose of a DPA is to protect the availability of affordable homes now and in the future, which is why you cannot own the freehold on this home.
Landlord	Homes Plus Ltd Acton Gate Acton Court Stafford ST18 9AP Under a shared ownership lease, you pay for a percentage share of the market value of a home. You enter into a lease agreement with the landlord, and agree to pay rent to the landlord on the remain- ing share.
Landlord's nomination period	When you give the landlord notice that you intend to sell your share in your home, the landlord has 8 weeks to find a buyer. The landlord may offer to buy back your share, but only in exceptional circumstances and if they have funds available. If they do not find a buyer within 8 weeks, you can sell your share yourself on the open market. For example, through an estate agent.
Pets	You cannot keep pets at the home without the Landlords prior permission.
Subletting	 You can rent out a room in the home, but you must live there at the same time. You cannot sublet (rent out) your entire home unless you: have your landlord's permission which they will only give in exceptional circumstances (see section 1.5 in 'Key information about shared ownership' document) and have your mortgage lender's permission if you have a mortgage